

Parametric Differentiation Sect 6F

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy/dt}{dx/dt}$$

Ex 28 Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  if

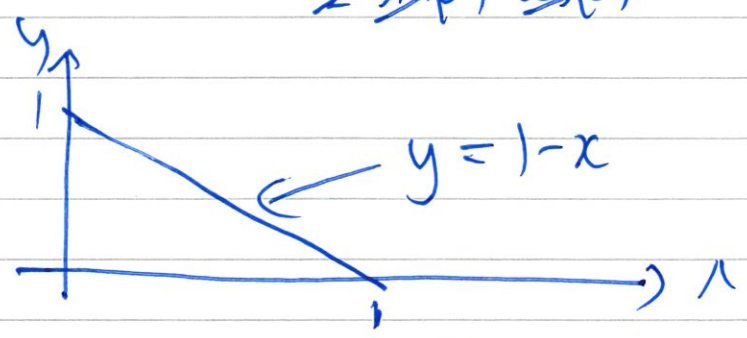
$$x = \sin^2(\theta), \quad y = \cos^2(\theta)$$

Sol<sup>n</sup>:

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = 2 \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta)$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = -2 \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2 \cancel{\cos(\theta)} \sin(\theta)}{2 \cancel{\sin(\theta)} \cos(\theta)} = -1$$



$$\cos^2(\theta) = 1 - \sin^2(\theta)$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{dx/dt}$$

Ex:  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$

(2)

Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  &  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  of

$$x = r \cos(\omega t), \quad y = r \sin(\omega t)$$

Soln:

$$[\cos(kt)]' = -k \sin(kt)$$

$$\left[ \frac{dx}{dt} = -\omega r \sin(\omega t) \right]$$

$$[\sin(kt)]' = k \cos(kt)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \omega r \cos(\omega t)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy/dt}{dx/dt} = \frac{\omega r \cos(\omega t)}{-\omega r \sin(\omega t)}$$

$$= -\frac{\cos(\omega t)}{\sin(\omega t)} = -\cot(\omega t)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} [-\cot(\omega t)]$$

$$= -[-\omega \operatorname{cosec}^2(\omega t)]$$

$$= \omega \operatorname{cosec}^2(\omega t)$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right)}{dx/dt} = \frac{\omega \operatorname{cosec}^2(\omega t)}{-\omega r \sin(\omega t)}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cosec}^2(\omega t) \cdot \frac{1}{\underbrace{\sin(\omega t)}_{=\operatorname{cosec}(\omega t)}}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{r} \operatorname{cosec}^3(\omega t)$$