Exercise 15(b)

- Find the first 5 convergents of the following simple continued fractions. Also write 1. the 5th convergent in decimal format correct to 2dp:
 - (a) [1; 1, 1, 1, 1]
- (b) [2; 2, 2, 2, 2]
- (c) [1; 2, 3, 4, 5]

- (d) [6; 7, 8, 9, 10]
- 2. Find the first 9 convergents of the irrational number *e* given by:

$$e = [2; 1, 2, 1, 1, 4, 1, 1, 6, 1, 1, \cdots]$$

Write the 9th convergent in decimal format correct to 6 dp.

3. Find the first 9 convergents of the golden ration w given by:

$$W = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} = [1; 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, \dots]$$

Write the 9th convergent in decimal format correct to 6 dp.

- 4. Determine the simple continued fraction of the following irrational numbers:
 - (a) $\sqrt{5}$

- (b) $\sqrt{3}$
- (c) $\sqrt{7}$
- Determine the simple continued fraction of the following numbers and write down 5. the first 5 convergents:
 - (a) $\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- (b) $\frac{2\sqrt{3}+3}{3}$ (c) $\frac{2+\sqrt{7}}{3}$
- 6. Determine the irrational numbers given by the following simple continued fraction:
 - (a) $\Gamma = \lceil \langle 1, 2 \rangle \rceil$
- (b) $r = \lceil \langle 2, 1 \rangle \rceil$ (c) $r = \lceil 2, \langle 5, 1 \rangle \rceil$

Brief Solutions

- 1. (a) 1, 2, 3/2, 5/3, 8/5 and 1.60
- (b) 2, 5/2, 12/5, 29/12, 70/29 and 2.41
- (c) 1, 3/2, 10/7, 43/30, 225/157 and 1.43
- (d) 6, 43/7, 350/57, 3193/520, 32280/5257 and 6.14
- 2. 2, 3, 8/3, 11/4, 19/7, 87/32, 106/39, 193/71, 1264/465 and 2.718278 (6 dp)
- 3. 1, 2, 3/2, 5/3, 8/5, 13/8, 21/13, 34/21, 55/34 and 1.617647 (6 dp)
- 4. (a) $\lceil 2; \langle 4 \rangle \rceil$
- (b) $\lceil 1; \langle 1, 2 \rangle \rceil$
- (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 2; \langle 1, 1, 1, 4 \rangle \end{bmatrix}$
- 5. (a) $[\langle 1, 2 \rangle]$; $C_1 = 1$, $C_2 = \frac{3}{2}$, $C_3 = \frac{4}{3}$, $C_4 = \frac{11}{8}$, $C_5 = \frac{15}{11}$
 - (b) $[2; \langle 6, 2 \rangle]; C_1 = 2, C_2 = \frac{13}{6}, C_3 = \frac{28}{13}, C_4 = \frac{181}{84}, C_5 = \frac{390}{181}$
 - (c) $\left[\langle 1, 1, 1, 4 \rangle \right]$; $C_1 = 1$, $C_2 = 2$, $C_3 = \frac{3}{2}$, $C_4 = \frac{14}{9}$, $C_5 = \frac{17}{11}$
- 6. (a) $\frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{3})$ (b) $1+\sqrt{3}$ (c) $\frac{15+3\sqrt{5}}{10}$